

Write $\frac{31}{2} - \frac{25}{6} + \frac{19}{24} - \frac{13}{120} + \frac{7}{720} - \frac{1}{5040}$ using sigma notation.

SCORE: ____ / 4 PTS

NUMERATORS: ARITHMETIC $d = -6$

DENOMINATORS: FACTORIALS

$$\sum_{n=1}^6 (-1)^{n+1} \frac{31 - 6(n-1)}{(n+1)!} = \sum_{n=1}^6 (-1)^{n+1} \frac{37 - 6n}{(n+1)!}$$

Find the sum of the first 85 terms of the sequence $\frac{11}{6} + \frac{7}{4} + \frac{5}{3} + \frac{19}{12} + \dots$

SCORE: _____ / 5 PTS

ARITHMETIC: $d = \frac{7}{4} - \frac{11}{6} = \frac{21}{12} - \frac{22}{12} = -\frac{1}{12}$ ①

CHECK: $\frac{7}{4} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{21}{12} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{20}{12} = \frac{5}{3}$

$$\frac{5}{3} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{20}{12} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{19}{12}$$

EITHER VERSION

$$S_{85} = \frac{85}{2} \left(2 \cdot \frac{11}{6} + (85-1)(-\frac{1}{12}) \right) = \frac{85}{2} \left(\frac{11}{3} - 7 \right) = \frac{85}{2} \left(-\frac{10}{3} \right) = -\frac{425}{3}$$

OK ①

$$\approx -141.6667$$

③

Find the value of $\sum_{i=2}^5 (-1)^{i+1}(i! - 3i^2)$.

SCORE: ____ / 5 PTS

$$= -(2-12) + (6-27) - (24-48) + (120-75)$$

$$= \underbrace{10-21}_{-11} + \underbrace{24+45}_{69}$$

$$= \boxed{58}$$

① EACH

Simplify $\frac{(4k-2)!}{(4k-4)!}$.

SCORE: _____ / 3 PTS

$$\frac{(4k-2)(4k-3)\cancel{(4k-4)!}}{\cancel{(4k-4)!}} = \frac{(4k-2)(4k-3)}{1}$$

② ①

Consider the geometric sequence with $a_3 = -16$ and $a_6 = 54$.

SCORE: ____ / 9 PTS

- [a] Find the formula for a_n .

$$\begin{aligned} a_3 &= \boxed{a_1 r^2 = -16} \\ a_6 &= \boxed{a_1 r^5 = 54} \quad \text{①} \end{aligned}$$
$$r^3 = -\frac{54}{16} = -\frac{27}{8}$$

$$r = -\frac{3}{2} \quad \text{①}$$

$$a_1 \left(\frac{9}{4}\right) = -16$$

$$a_1 = -\frac{64}{9} \quad \text{②}$$

$$a_n = \boxed{-\frac{64}{9} \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1}} \quad \text{②}$$

- [b] 24 is a term in the sequence. Find the sum of all terms in the sequence up to and including that term.

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{64}{9} \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1} &= 24 \quad \text{①} \\ \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1} &= 24 \cdot \frac{9}{64} = -\frac{27}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$n-1 = 3$$

$$n = 4 \quad \text{②}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_4 &= \frac{-\frac{64}{9} \left(1 - \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^4\right)}{1 - \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)} \quad \text{②} \\ &= \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{-64}{9} \left(1 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^4\right) = -\frac{128}{45} \left(1 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^4\right) \\ &\approx 11.5556 \quad \text{①} \end{aligned}$$

Find the 4th term of the sequence defined recursively by $a_1 = -1$, $a_2 = 2$, $a_n = 2a_{n-2} - na_{n-1}$ for $n \geq 3$. SCORE: _____ / 4 PTS

$$a_3 = \underline{2a_1} - \underline{3a_2} = 2(-1) - 3(2) = \underline{-8}$$

$$a_4 = \underline{2a_2} - \underline{4a_3} = 2(2) - 4(-8) = \underline{36}$$

① EACH